

2007 Research Days Abstract Form – Department of Ophthalmology – UNIFESP/EPM

2. SCIENTIFIC SECTION PREFERENCE (REQUIRED): Review the Scientific section Descriptions. Select and enter the two -letter Code for the one (1) Section best suited to review your abstract
(TR)

3. PRESENTATION PREFERENCE (REQUIRED) Check one (1)
(a) Paper
(b) **Poster**

4. The signature of the First (Presenting) Author, (REQUIRED) acting as the authorized agent for all authors, hereby certifies.
That any research reported was conducted in compliance with the Declaration of Helsinki and the UNIFESP Ethical Committee"

Signature of First

Scientific Section Descriptions
(OR) ORBIT
(PL) OCULAR PLASTIC SURGERY
(RE) RETINA / VITREOUS
(RX) REFRACTION-CONTACT LENSES
(NO) NEURO-OPHTHALMOLOGY
(TU) TUMORS AND PATHOLOGY
(ST) STRABISMUS
(UV) UVEITIS
(LS) LACRIMAL SYSTEM
(LV) LOW VISION
(CO) CORNEA / EXTERNAL DISEASE
(GL) GLAUCOMA
(RS) REFRACTIVE SURGERY
(CA) CATARACT
(US) OCULAR ULTRASOUND
(TR) **TRAUMA**
(LA) LABORATORY
(BE) OCULAR BIOENGINEERING
(EP) EPIDEMIOLOGY
(EF) ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY

Deadline: 29/10/2007

FORMAT:
Abstract should contain:
Title, Name of Authors, Name of other authors (maximum 6), Purpose, Methods, Results, Conclusions.
Example: ARVO (1.10 x 1.70) Abstract Book

1. FIRST (PRESENTING) AUTHOR (REQUIRED)
Must be author listed first in body of abstract
() R1 (X) R2 () R3
() PG0 () PG1 () Estagiário () Tecnólogo () PIBIC

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Service (sector) Nº CEP

Ophthalmopedia.com
Brenner,LF; Martins, EN; Höfling-Lima,AL

PURPOSE: World Wide Web has led to a rapid growth of medical information availability and continuing medical educational opportunities. The purpose of this study is to create a web-based electronic ophthalmic encyclopedia for ophthalmologists in order to provide real-time, on-demand, and updated ophthalmic information in Portuguese, Spanish, and English.

METHODS: The website development project was divided in three phases: 1) Content definition; 2) Development of the text and gathering of appropriate pictures from the Department of Ophthalmology -UNIFESP archives; 3) Implementation and continuous evaluation/updates.

RESULTS: Phase 1 was concluded. We created a website diagram that encompasses all major areas of ophthalmology and its subspecialties. Topics were derived from major ophthalmic textbooks and selected by the authors according to their relevance, in order to achieve an adequate coverage. Due to the size of the defined content, different search engines are being tested to be used in the final website.

CONCLUSION: A transnational web-based ophthalmic encyclopedia will probably be a valuable educational tool, however accessibility of its content is a crucial point and must be overcome to provide a real useful resource.